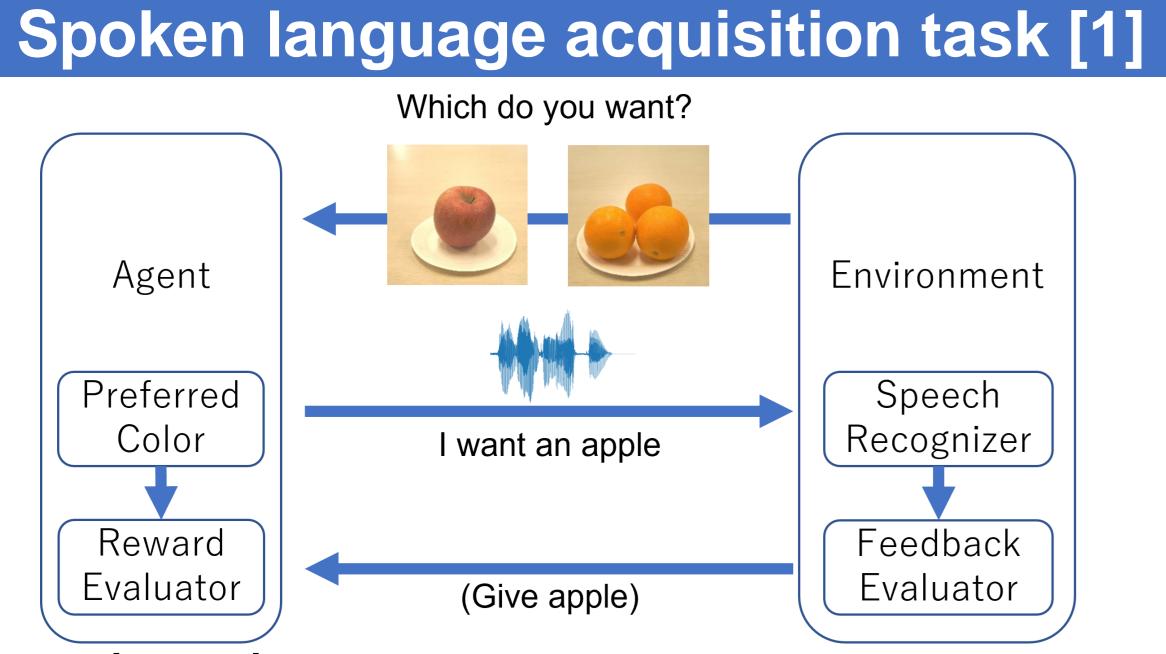
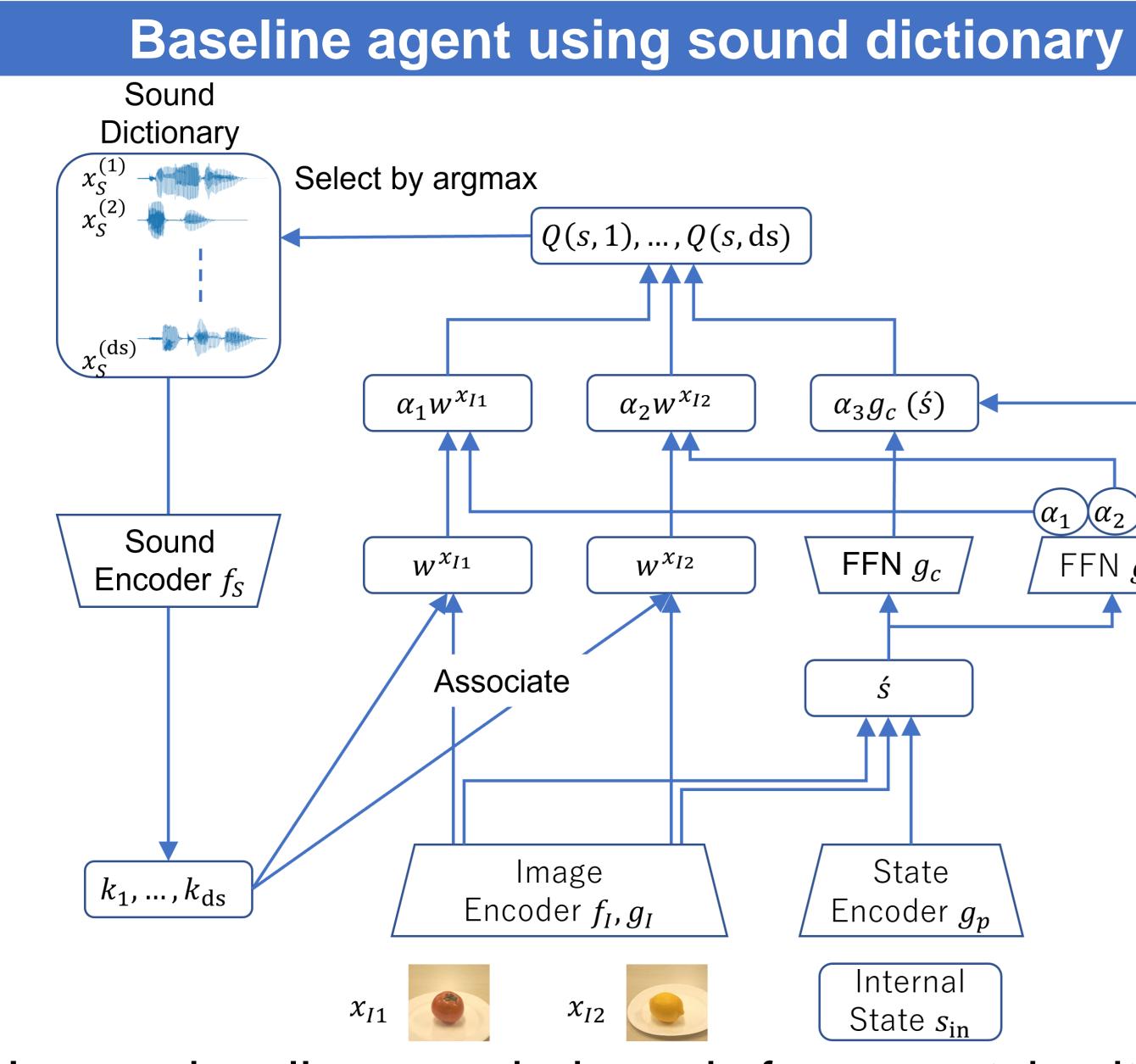
# **Continuous Action Space-Based Spoken Language Acquisition Agent** Using Residual Sentence Embedding and Transformer Decoder

### Introduction

- This study aims to realize the mechanism of human language learning on computers
- Skinner explained the mechanism by behaviorist reinforcement learning principles, while Chomsky considered children learn verbal behavior by observation of adults and other children
- Currently, the true answer is an open question needing a mathematical model



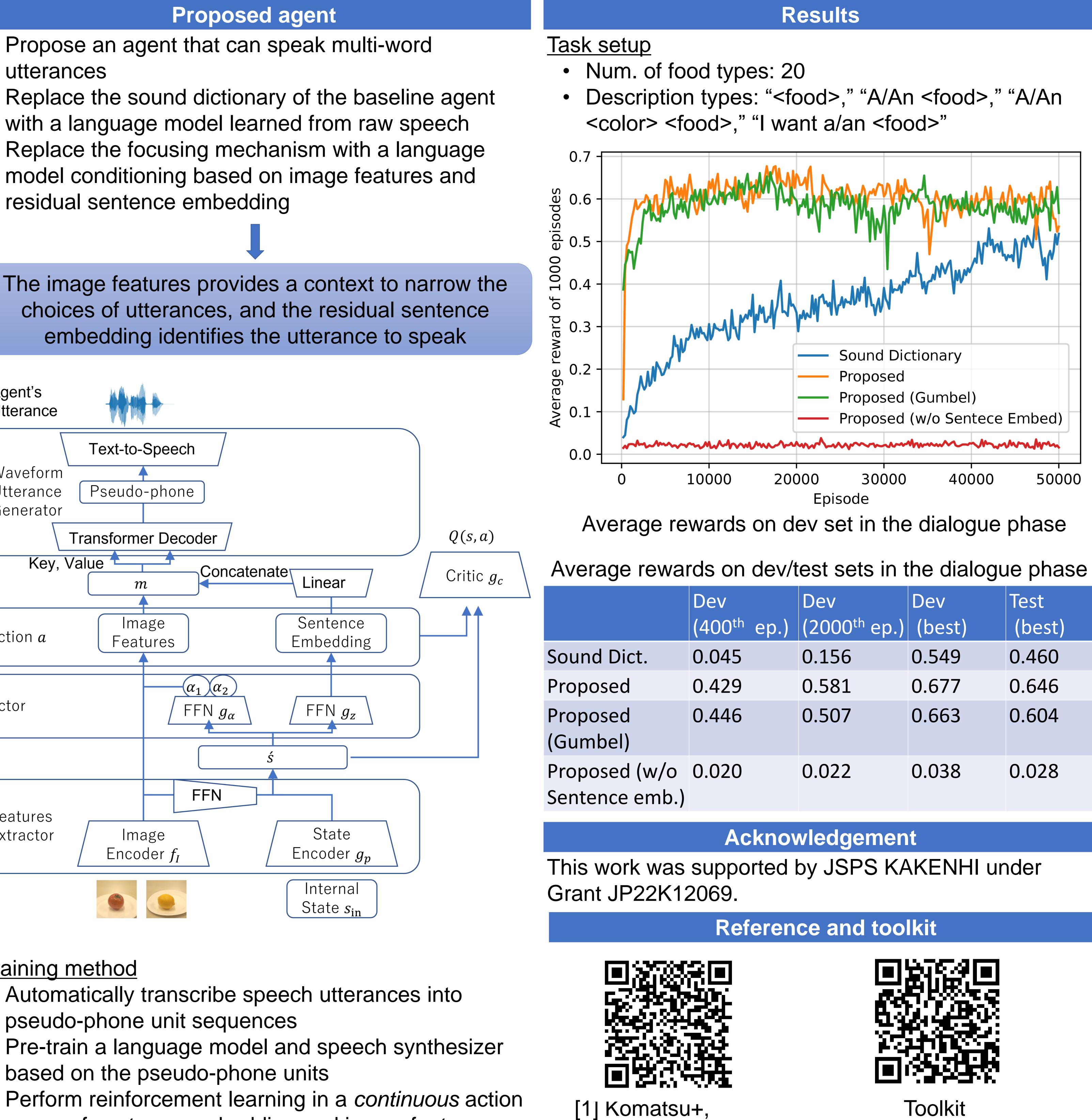
- Observation phase Audio explanations are given while foods are shown
- Dialogue phase An agent has a favorite color as an internal state and is rewarded for answering "I want a <preferred food>"



- Learn visually grounded words from scratch without relying on any labels
- Generate an utterance by selecting a word with a help of vision based focusing mechanism
- Can only pronounce single-word utterances

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## Propose an agent that can speak multi-word utterances Replace the sound dictionary of the baseline agent with a language model learned from raw speech Replace the focusing mechanism with a language model conditioning based on image features and residual sentence embedding Agent's Utterance Text-to-Speech Waveform Pseudo-phone Utterance Generator Transformer Decoder Key, Value Concatenate mImage Action a Features $\alpha_1 \alpha_2$ Actor FFN $g_{\alpha}$ FFN $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \alpha_3$ Features FFN $g_{lpha}$ Extractor Image Encoder $f_I$ Training method Automatically transcribe speech utterances into pseudo-phone unit sequences based on the pseudo-phone units



space of sentence embedding and image features

Paper: 6307

	Dev (400 <sup>th</sup> ep.)	Dev (2000 <sup>th</sup> ep.)	Dev (best)	Test (best)
	0.045	0.156	0.549	0.460
	0.429	0.581	0.677	0.646
	0.446	0.507	0.663	0.604
.)	0.020	0.022	0.038	0.028

*IEEE JSTSP*, 2022.

https://github.com/tttslab/spolacq